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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Precalculus  
Summer Math Study Guide**

After you have practiced the skills on Khan Academy (list available on [bdcs.org/summer2019/read](http://bdcs.org/summer2019/read)), complete the following study guide. Be sure to show all work and describe your reasoning, as this study guide should be a resource for you at the beginning of the school year. If you have any questions, be sure to contact me at gpinkerton@bdcs.org. I will reply within 48 hours Monday-Friday.

**Quadratics by Factoring (Intro)**

Solve.

1.  $x^2 + 16x - 36 = 0$

2.  $x^2 - 11x + 18 = 0$

**Quadratics by Factoring**

Solve.

3.  $5x^2 + 60x + 180 = 0$

4.  $3x^2 - 54x + 243 = 0$

**Factor Quadratics by Grouping**

Rewrite each expression as the product of two binomials.

5.  $7x^2 + 24x + 9$

6.  $8x^2 + 15x - 2$



### **Quadratics by Taking Square Roots: Strategy**

Solve.

7.  $\frac{1}{3}(x + 4)^2 = 48$

8.  $5(x - 2)^2 + 6 = 86$

### **Quadratic Formula**

Solve.

9.  $-6x - 1 + 5x^2 = 8x^2$

10.  $10 = -4x + 3x^2$

### **Solve Quadratic Equations: Complex Solutions**

Solve.

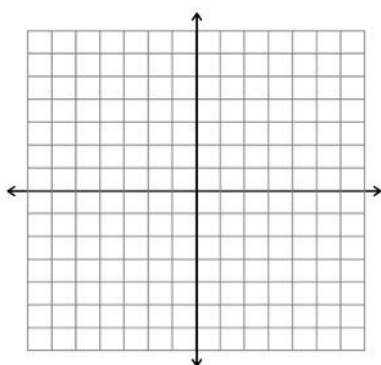
11.  $9x^2 - x - 3 = 0$

12.  $3x^2 - 6x + 11 = 0$

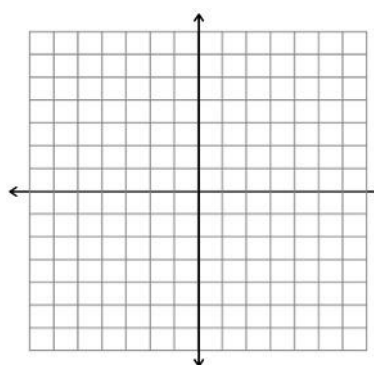
### Graph Quadratics: Vertex Form

Graph the functions below. Show at least three points.

13.  $y = (x + 2)^2 - 5$



14.  $y = -2(x - 4)^2 + 6$

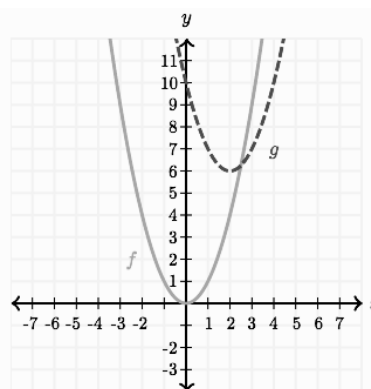


### Shift Parabolas

Describe the transformations of each parabola from the parent function  $f(x) = x^2$ .

15.  $g(x) = (x + 9)^2 - 3$

16.



### Features of Quadratic Functions: Strategy

Consider the three equivalent functions below and fill in the blanks with the appropriate letter.

A.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x + 3)^2 + \frac{25}{2}$

B.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3x + 8$

C.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2)(x + 8)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 17. Which form most quickly reveals the y-intercept?

\_\_\_\_\_ 18. Which form most quickly reveals the vertex?

\_\_\_\_\_ 19. Which form most quickly reveals the zeros?

### Features of Quadratic Functions

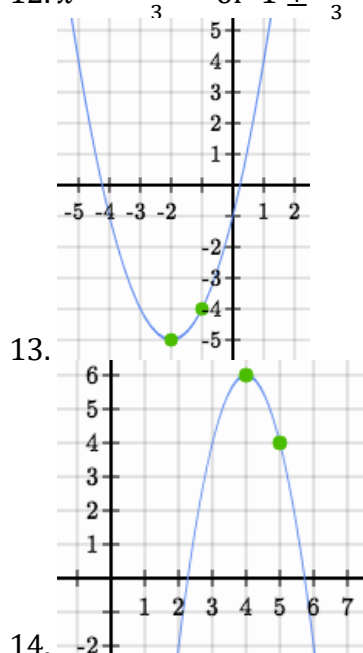
For the functions below, give (A) the zeros of the function and (B) the coordinates of the vertex.

20.  $f(x) = (x - 5)^2 - 36$

21.  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$

# Answer Key

1.  $x = \{-18, 2\}$
2.  $x = \{2, 9\}$
3.  $x = -6$
4.  $x = 9$
5.  $(7x + 3)(x + 3)$
6.  $(8x - 1)(x + 2)$
7.  $x = \{-16, 8\}$
8.  $x = \{-2, 6\}$
9.  $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{6}}{3}$
10.  $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{34}}{3}$
11.  $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{109}}{18}$
12.  $x = \frac{3 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}{3}$  or  $1 \pm \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}i$



14. -2
15. The function is shifted to the left nine units and down three units
16. The function is shifted to the right two units and up six units
17. B – standard form
18. A – vertex form
19. C – factored form
20. Zeros:  $x = \{-1, 11\}$ , Vertex: (5, 36)
21. Zeros:  $x = \{-2, 4\}$ , Vertex: (1, -9)